

## COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—July 14.

U.S. 6s 1881 con.	American Ex.Bk.	Erie.
U.S. 6s 108.	50.....	113.
U.S. 6s 5-20 ep.	Shoe & Lthr Bk.	80.....
5,000.....	20.....	100.....
200,000.....	106.	1,600.....
U.S. 6s 5-20 new.	Fourth Nat. Bk.	81.....
5,000.....	105.	1,600.....
Continental Bk.	Hudson River.	81.....
50,000.....	20.....	35.....
U.S. 5s 10-40, cp.	Central Coal.	80.....
10,000.....	105.	100.....
Treasury 7 3-10s.	100-2d call.	54.....
2d series.	Quicksilver.	50.....
20,000.....	99.	500.....
Ohio ex. WL.	Marietta.	62.....
5,000.....	95.	100.....
Tennessee 6s.	Mich. So. & N. In.	13.....
1,000.....	72.	240.....
Congress.	Canton.	12.....
Connecticut 6s.	100.....	100.....
3,000.....	99.	100.....
Brooklyn ex. WL.	Illinois Central.	60.....
1,000.....	97.	100.....
Ohio & M. Cert.	Brunswick Land.	13.....
10,000.....	26.	200.....
Ind. R. 2d call.	N. Y. Central.	94.....
1,000.....	102.	100.....
Chic. & Alt. 1st	300.....	100.....
1,000.....	97.	200.....
Chic. & N. W. 1st	Chicago & R. I.	60.....
2,000.....	84.	29.....
Atlantic Mail.	Pitts. F. W. & Ch.	200.....
200.....	159.	100.....

The movement of Dry Goods at this port for the past week has been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.			
Manuf. of Pkgs.	Value.	Manuf. of Pkgs.	Value.
60,000.....	100.	430.	138.
60,000.....	104.	600.	43.
U.S. 5s 20c, new.	Quicksilver.	200.....	50.
20,000.....	105.	611.	Chi. N.W. 1st.
U.S. 6s 5-20 con.	100.	600.	63.
6,000.....	106.	400.	61.
7-10, 2d series.	Marietta.	500.....	62.
25,000.....	94.	300.	121.
9,000.....	100.	300.	107.
Tennessee 6s.	100.	350.	107.
15,000.....	72.	300.	100.....
5,000.....	72.	100.....	105.
Ohio & Mine Co.	Erie.	100-2d call.	94.
10,000.....	26.	100.....	94.
Central Coal.	Reading.	500.....	98.
100.....	55.	2,000.....	101.
Brunswick Land.	Alt. & T. Hantz.	100.....	38.
200.....	11.	Mich. So. & N. In.	400.....

FRIDAY, July 14.—P. M.

Gold opened at 143, and sold up to 143. The steady drain for Customs tells upon the market and materially aids speculation for an advance. This absorption is an evil which the Secretary of the Treasury should lose no time in checking by anticipating the interest due in November as early as August 1. If the 5-20 loan should be called "coupon off" by virtue of the Stock Exchange when the payment of the November interest is announced, it will force out a good deal of gold, which, in the absence of anticipated interest, will be hoarded by the Government, to the damage of all legitimate business. Later in the day gold broke and sold at 142.

All descriptions of Government securities are strong, and wanted by investing parties and for shipment to Europe. Bank shares, Border State stocks and miscellaneous shares are steady, and offered sparingly. Railway shares are irregular, but as a whole firm. Erie was firm, and sold up to \$14. Failing to break the market by an attempt to overload it, there is an evident disposition to take the stock back at any price. Its dividend will be equal to that paid by the New-York Central, of which the quotation is 96. Michigan Southern continues to be freely sold, but yields steady. The last annual statement of the company describes its prospects in "glowing" colors, and the public is too readily convinced that they are less favorable in the face of continued large earnings, with labor and materials on the downward turn. For Pennsylvania Coal Stock 145 is steadily bid. This company will pay the Erie road on its coal traffic this season \$1,500,000, against \$300,000 last year. After the Board prices were firm, but there was little doing. At the Second Board the market was weak, and a decline of 4½ per cent took place in the Railway Sharelist, and Erie and Reading were freely hammered. The closing quotations were: N. Y. Central, 94½; Erie, 100; Hudson, 100½; Reading, 100½; Michigan Southern, 64½; Rock Island, 107.

Money is more active and new business is chiefly done at 5 per cent with brokers, though 4 per cent loans are still made. There is more paper offering, and business has been done at 6 per cent for prime indorsed bills.

Sterling Exchange is firm, without much demand. Brokers' bills, 10½ to 10½. Commercial bills, 108½.

The business of the Sub-Treasury was: Receipts, \$4,625,295 84—for Customs, \$533,000; Payments, \$4,301,233 62—on account of Loan, \$259,000; Bulances, \$47,789,388 68.

The earnings of the Racine and Mississippi and Northern Illinois Railroads for the week ending July 7 were:

\$25,417,923 13 | 1864 \$13,324 27 | Increase, \$4,338 86.

Receipts from July 7:

\$25,413,262 77 | 1864 \$28,818 18 | Increase, \$29,444 55.

In Freight, the engagements to Liverpool are 40,000 bushels Corn at 4d, in ship's bags, and 25 tuns Logwood at 12s. To London, per steamer, 7,000 bush. Wheat at 6d., and 1,500 bush. Petroleum at 6s. To Hamburg, 1,500 bush. Petroleum at 6s. A bark of 420 tons was chartered from Sicily to New-York, on private terms.

Some sotil rogue has abstracted the box of Harpers & Co., containing a large amount of valuable, from the Mechanics Bank, its usual place of deposit. The manner of its disappearance is unknown. This whole system of depositing valuable boxes with bank parties is very loose, and the only wonder is that they are not spirited away daily.

The Niagara Fire Insurance Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent, free of Government tax, payable 17th inst.

The earnings of the Erie Railway for month of June were:

\$25,012,528 10 | 1864 \$1,041,975 61 | Inc \$163,532 49.

The following table shows the various items of liabilities and assets of the National Banks of the City of New-York, compared with those of the whole country, April 1, 1865:

Liabilities. N. Y. City. Other places. U. States.

Capital. \$29,660,000 \$18,677,923 \$215,326,223

Reserve fund. 5,267,756 \$2,444,519 \$1,200,000

Individual debts. 12,916,771 \$4,713,020 57,620,141

Dividends unpaid. 17,036,000 2,028,538 55,475

Due Nat. Banks. 20,618,446 20,682,955 41,301,031

Due other banks. 9,745,765 49,946,796 59,622,581

Surplus. 3,802,667 13,516,928 17,318,102

Profits. 3,793,703 14,018,574 17,789,307

Miscellaneous. 219,164 366,785 575,952

Total Liabilities. \$29,977,489 \$62,077,456 \$771,541,983

Assets. N. Y. City. Other places. U. States.

Capital. \$42,693,000 \$25,675,023 \$215,326,223

Reserve fund. 1,142,255 5,655,118

Expense account. 3,676,193 1,927,190 2,288,026

Prom. on house &c. 140,334 1,692,921 1,833,295

Ramittances, &c. 15,922,500 13,6,554 22,671,204

Due from Nat. Banks. 2,957,500 38,005,743 40,963,243

Due fm other bks. 41,729,150 235,890,800 277,619,950

Bills of exchange. 566,362 13,144,109 13,710,371

Specie. 2,347,147 4,312,474 4,300,000

Outlawful money. 26,651,121 88,348,445 112,996,295

Other items. 1,064,679 5,011,661 4,373,770

Overdrafts. 69,311 862,767 951,078

Total assets. \$39,457,429 \$82,076,050 \$871,514,639

It appears that the public and individual deposits in the City of New-York, in the National Banks, are 20 per cent of the whole; the combined bank capital of the City of New-York is about

eighty millions of dollars; the deposits, payable on demand, exceed three hundred millions of dollars.

A correspondent writing from Huntsville, Ala., gives the following observations on a railroad trip through Alabama:

I was indeed surprised to see the amount of cotton I observed along both sides of the railroad, and after we entered this State it was almost a continuous cotton field, the only exceptions being a few abandoned plantations and an occasional field of grain. It is sowing finely, and I was told by several planters that although most of it was planted late in the season it was maturing rapidly, and they anticipated a handsome remuneratior for their industry. It is a great field of cotton, and nearly every man I conversed with on the subject informed me that the crop would be more profitable under the new regime than under the antiquated system of Slavery.

The Chicago Tribune of Wednesday, says:

The continued activity in wheat, arising from orders for outside purchase, indicates a very good demand for money from the class of operators, while other classes of agriculture are not entirely idle. The supply of money is abundant and good paper is readily recognized, but there is no disposition on the part of bankers to give encouragement to wild speculators by indulging them with loans for such purposes. Legitimate paper is readily taken at the usual rate of discount.

Eastern exchanges are slow. Currency is plenty now, and bankers prefer to exchange it, which is drawing interest, to holding currency, which draw no interest, except borrowers, who are not over plenty.

The movement of Dry Goods at this port for the past week has been as follows:

Entered for Consumption.

Manuf. of Pkgs. Value. Manuf. of Pkgs. Value.

60,000..... 100. 430. 322 \$13,297

60,000..... 104. 600. 430. 322 \$13,297

U.S. 5s 20c, new. Quicksilver.

20,000..... 105. 200. 320. 69

6,000..... 106. 400. 320. 62

7-10, 2d series. Marietta.

25,000..... 94. 300. 121.

10,000..... 100. 300. 121.

9,000..... 100. 300. 121.

10,000..... 105. 300. 121.

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